

Psychiatric Pharmacology & the Role of Supplements in Pediatric Patients

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May 2022

Introduction

- No conflicts of interest to disclose
- Generic names will be used whenever possible, but the brand name drug may be referenced if appropriate. Inclusion of a brand name drug in this presentation does not represent endorsement

Preface

- Treatments, not diagnosis
 - Based on proper diagnostic assessment & ongoing evaluation and adjustments
- Therapy or Psychotherapy
- Focus on evidence & safety ≥ practicality
 - Practicality: ease of use, adherence, cost and insurance barriers

Outline

- Depression/Anxiety
 - Latest guidelines and landmark clinical trials
 - Considerations for pediatric vs adult patients
 - Prescribing trends among child psychiatrists and PCPs
 - (Clinically relevant) drug-drug interactions
 - How to safely titrate and cross-taper between agents
- ADD/ADHD
 - Review of guidelines and general recommendations
 - Newest formulations
 - Avoiding and overcoming common insurance barriers

Outline (continued)

- Role of supplements in pediatric psychiatry
 - Importance of diet
 - Risks of "natural" remedies
 - Integrative medicine and evidence-based recommendations
 - Vitamin D
 - Fish Oil
 - St. John's Wort
 - Medical Marijuana
 - Iron
 - SAM-e
 - NAC
 - Melatonin
- Conclusion
- Q&A
- Case Presentation

Depression/Anxiety – Pediatric Considerations

- Medication is <u>only</u> recommended as adjunct to psychotherapy
- STAR*D trials
- Black Box Warning
- Bipolar Disorder
- Adherence is likely the biggest barrier to treatment
- Start low...go slowly



*Honorable mentions: Hydroxyzine, Trazodone, Mirtazapine



- Most evidence in pediatric patients (except citalopram)
- Easy to titrate, taper, and cross taper
- Liquid formulations available, can also cut/crush
- Flexibility with dosing and schedule
 - Give any time of day
- 1st line for Pediatric GAD
- Weight neutral

Fluoxetine

- CAPSULES not TABLETS
- 10-20mg starting dose up to 60mg
- Long half-life
- Drug interactions
- FDA approved for pediatric Depression
- Most evidence for treatment, preferred initial choice in guidelines



Sertraline

- 25-50mg starting dose up to 200mg daily
- Take with food
- Liquid formulation needs to be further diluted
- Small tablets, scored

Escitalopram

- S stereoisomer of citalopram
 - Half the dose of citalopram
- 5-10mg starting dose up to 20mg
- Much less toxic in OD
- Less titrating to get to final dose
- FDA approved for pediatric depression

- Also recommended first-line for pediatric GAD
- 20-30mg starting dose up to 120mg
- Much less toxic in OD
- Only FDA approved agent for pediatric GAD

Duloxetine*

Venlafaxine

- Little evidence in peds
- Serotonergic until 150mg, then becomes an SNRI
- Weight neutral or weight loss
- Starting dose 37.5-75mg up to 300mg

- Poor choice for nonadherent patients
 - Given in the morning
- Withdrawal symptoms
 - ALWAYS use extended-release capsules

- Little evidence in peds
- Often used as adjunct
- Bupropion XL (24 hour formulation) 150mg-300mg daily
- Give in the morning
- Toxic in OD

Bupropion

• Least preferred options

Citalopram	Paroxetine	Fluvoxamine
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- Toxic in OD
 - Seizures
 - QTC prolongation
- Tested in pediatrics
- Rarely prescribed over escitalopram

Citalopram

- No pediatric indications
- Hazardous to Handle
 - Cannot crush, split tablets
- Weight gain
- Drug interactions
- Withdrawals
- Poorly tolerated

Paroxetine

- Indicated for OCD
- Drug interactions CYP1A2 inhibitor
- Short half-life, may need BID dosing
- Recently recommended for COVID19 – may see a shortage

Fluvoxamine

Hydroxyzine

- Often 10, 25, or 50mg PRN at the beginning of treatment for anxiety or sleep
- May receive alert for QTc prolongation



Trazodone

- Adjunct for sleep
- 25-50mg QHS PRN, may increase to 150mg



Mirtazapine

- 7.5mg more potent than 15mg for sleep
- May help with weight gain
- 7.5mg or 15mg used as adjunct for sleep, higher doses for depression



How to titrate and cross-taper

- To avoid insurance issues, prescribe the target dose and have patient **split tablet** for first 7-10 days
 - E.g. escitalopram 10mg: take ½ tablet by mouth once daily, then increase to a full tablet after one week
 - Exception: fluoxetine may take 2 prescriptions if insurance doesn't allow for more than one capsule/strength/day

How to titrate and cross-taper

- Do NOT put refills on a titration
 - Causes insurance issues and delays
- Cross taper between agents within a week or less
 Fluoxetine self-tapers
- Plan for drug destruction in the event of discontinuation
- Determine an "adequate drug trial" appropriate for your patient

ADD/ADHD Medications

- Overall, medications haven't changed
 - Formulations have multiplied
 - Generic availability has eased ability to access
 - Increased flexibility in dose timing
- One new medication in 2021, not widely used yet



Methylphenidate

- Immediate release tablets, can all be cut/crushed, added to food
 - Ritalin [®], Methylin [®]
- Extended release all capsules can be poured out onto food, ER tablets cannot
- Liquid and chewable formulations

Methylphenidate Extended Release

- Monophasic: Methylphenidate ER tablets
 - Onset at 90 minutes, duration 3-8 hours
 - Generic
- Biphasic (IR:ER): Metadate CD [®] (30:70), Ritalin LA [®] (50:50) & Aptensio XR
 [®] (40:60) capsules
 - Generic Metadate CD [®] & Ritalin LA [®] (some forms)
- Triphasic: Concerta [®] tablets & Adhansia XR [®] capsules
 - Mimics BID-TID dosing (i.e. Concerta [®] 18mg dose is the same as 5mg BID-TID; Adhansia XR [®] 100mg similar to 20mg BID-TID)
 - Generic Concerta ®
- Dexmethylphenidate: Focalin [®] tablets & Focalin XR [®] capsules

Methylphenidate Extended Release

- Quilivant XR [®] liquid
 - Brand only need to reconstitute an entire bottle
- Quilichew [®] chewable tablet
 - Generic available
- Daytrana [®] Patch
 - Brand only
 - Not well tolerated, not widely available or covered 2 hours until onset, wear up to 9 hours total
- Jornay PM [®] capsule
 - Brand only
 - 5% of drug released in first 10 hours

Amphetamine-based drugs

- Mixed Amphetamine Salts
 - Adderall [®] IR tablets, Adderall XR [®] capsules
- Mixed salts of a single-entity amphetamine
 - Mydayis [®] ER capsules
- Amphetamine sulfate
 - Evekeo [®] tablets, Evekeo ODT [®], Dynavel XR [®] suspension, Adzenys ER [®] suspension, Adzenys XR-ODT [®]
- Lisdexamfetamine
 - Vyvanse [®] capsules
- Dextroamphetamine
 - Dexedrine [®] tablets and ER capsules, Dexedrine Spansule [®], Zenzedi [®] tablets, ProCentra [®] liquid

Mixed Amphetamine Salts (Adderall [®] IR and XR)

- Most prescribed agents from this group
- All generic
- Predictable kinetics
- Easy to dose, titrate
- Can pour capsules into food, crush tablets
- Abuse and diversion potential

Lisdexamfetamine (Vyvanse [®])

- Brand name only manufacturer coupon on website
- Unique mechanism of action means it has LOW abuse potential
 - Absorbed through GI tract into blood
 - Blood enzyme cleaves Lysine and releases dextroamphetamine throughout the day
 - May pour capsule into food

Dextroamphetamine

- Many generic forms available
- Dextro isomer only
- May be better tolerated in some patients
- Same abuse and diversion potential as Adderall formulations

Atomoxetine (Strattera [®])

- Generic, cost is coming down
- Alternative to stimulants, especially if concerns for abuse
- Delayed onset of action
- CANNOT open capsule ocular irritation
 - Small capsules anyway
- Sometimes better tolerated than stimulants
- Dosing 0.5mg/kg/day to 1.2mg/kg/day if <70kg, otherwise start at 40mg
 - 10mg, 18mg, 25mg, 40mg, 60mg, 80mg, 100mg

Viloxazine (Qelbree[®])

- Brand name only manufacturer coupon on website
- Newest ADHD agent
- Similar place in therapy as atomoxetine
- May sprinkle capsule into applesauce

Clonidine (Kapvay[®])

- Generic available
- Duration of action ~12 hours
- Dosed twice daily
- 0.1mg-0.4mg daily dose

Guanfacine – Intuniv ®

- Generic available
- Duration of action ~18-24 hours
- Dosed once daily
- 1mg-4mg daily dose


Supplements

- Diet
- Safety/Risks
- Potency



Vitamin D

- Often difficult to treat in overweight and obese patients stores in fat
- Low levels correlated with depression, little evidence to suggest that it is a causative agent
- Typically treated to above 30ng/ml
- Daily vs weekly supplementation

Fish Oil

- May have CV benefits, but no known efficacy in psychiatric illness in adults or children
- Potential adjunct for ADHD in children
- 1000-2000mg daily



St John's Wort

- Evidence is modest for depression
- In the guidelines for mild depression for adults
 - Mild depression isn't treated with medication in pediatrics
- Major drug-drug interactions, including oral contraceptives
- Dosing is 300mg TID



Medical Marijuana

Iron

- May prefer to treat to a higher serum ferritin level due to low iron stores in children with ADHD
- Formulations that may improve adherence
 - Multivitamins with iron 9-27mg elemental Fe per daily serving
 - Gummies do NOT contain iron
 - Vitron C ®
 - Carbonyl iron with vitamin C to increase absorption and ease digestion
 - Slow Fe ®
 - Ferrous Gluconate
 - Only 45mg elemental iron
 - Adjunct Miralax [®] to combat constipation



SAM-e

- Methyl donor in DA and 5HT synthesis
- Lower concentrations in CSF of those with severe depression
- PO 800-1600mg/day or IM 400mg/day
- No evidence of efficacy in several clinical trials



NAC (N-Acetylcysteine)

- Dosed 600-1200mg BID
 - Sulfur smell
- Some evidence in SUD
- Prescribing trend to use for self-harm, but no strong evidence available

Melatonin

- Some evidence
 - 1-3mg is recommended, more won't hurt
- Very safe, even in OD
- Several formulations available, including ER (Natrol [®] brand)



Conclusion

- Guidelines and recommendations have largely stayed the same
- Formulations and practice trends have changed

Questions?

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Case Presentation

- AM is a 12yo female diagnosed 2 months ago with depression, moderate, without psychotic features
- Diagnosed with ADHD at 7yo, takes Adderall XR [®] 30mg once daily
- Started with therapy twice weekly, still has bothersome symptoms such as decreased appetite, difficulty sleeping
- Vitamin D levels WNL, thyroid levels normal
- Taking omeprazole for chronic GERD, oral contraceptive to regulate heavy menses
- Mother also has depression, controlled with weekly therapy and venlafaxine ER 150mg daily

Case Presentation

• What medication do you start, and how do you titrate it?

• How soon do you increase the dose?

• What if parents wanted a more "natural" approach?

Birth Control Package



One month later...

- Started on sertraline 50mg tablets, took 25mg for 6 days, then increased to 50mg
- Has about #10 50mg tablets left
- Increased GI upset
- Sleep is somewhat improved but still laying in bed for a couple hours 3-4 nights per week
- Next steps....?

Thank you!

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