Building a Statewide Network for Rural Palliative Care



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Land Acknowledgement Statement

"Today, the University of North Dakota rests on the ancestral lands of the Pembina and Red Lake Bands of Ojibwe and the Dakota Oyate - presently existing as composite parts of the Red Lake, Turtle Mountain, White Earth Bands, and the Dakota Tribes of Minnesota and North Dakota.

We acknowledge the people who resided here for generations and recognize that the spirit of the Ojibwe and Oyate people permeates this land. As a university community, we will continue to build upon our relations with the First Nations of the State of North Dakota - the Mandan, Hidatsa, and Arikara Nation, Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate Nation, Spirit Lake Nation, Standing Rock Sioux Tribe, and Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians. "

Objectives

Identify

Identify the role of networks related to palliative care in rural communities.

Describe

Describe the examples of palliative care networks.

Recognize

Recognize the challenges of creating a statewide palliative care network in North Dakota.

Dave and Mary Johnson

- An 84-year-old couple, married 50 years, live in a small North Dakota town, adult children live in California. Dave has afib, COPD, DM, and worsening heart failure. Mary has metastatic colon cancer with worsening pain, but her overall quality of life is good.
- The primary care physician asks "what services do we have to help support this couple? I would not be surprised if either died within the next two years."





The Pillars of Palliative Care

- Pain and symptom management: assess, treat, evaluate
- Psychosocial and spiritual support (patient and family)
- Information and support to make decisions that reflect goals and values as illness progresses
- Ensure continuity of the care plan

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The Vision for Rural Palliative Care

Quality rural palliative care programs across North Dakota would

- Provide care consistent across disease trajectory in all settings (community-at home, long term care, hospital, clinics)
- When and where patients/families need it
- Integrate with health care system (not separate) and
- Meet or exceed quality standards

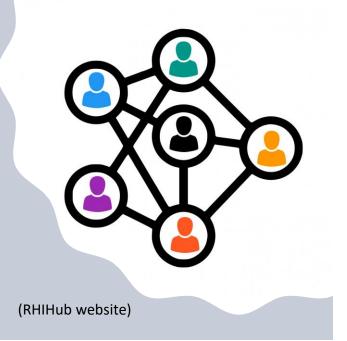




What is a Rural Health Network?

"a group of three or more rural health providers and/or other stakeholders that join forces to address mutually agreed-upon needs in the community."

"their purpose may be broader and may evolve over time as the community's needs shift. Network members may include a variety of participants, including (but not limited to) healthcare providers, nonprofit organizations, government agencies, public health professionals, educational providers, and private organizations."



Poll Questions

- 1. How would you network with other rural palliative care communities?
- 2. What are some advantages of networking in your community?

Functions of Effective Networks

- Provide valuable information not widely known
- The Human Connection: Connects you to others
- Amplify influence by connecting you to individuals whose interests align with your own.





Qualities of Successful Networks

- Effective Leadership
- Cross organizational and professional boundaries
- Complement services and resources
- · Creative and collaborative
- Willing to engage in mutual problem solving

(Ceronsky 2018)

POLL questions

- 3. What are your challenges of networking?
- 4. Are you currently on the the ND Palliative Care Taskforce email list?



Positive Rural Attributes

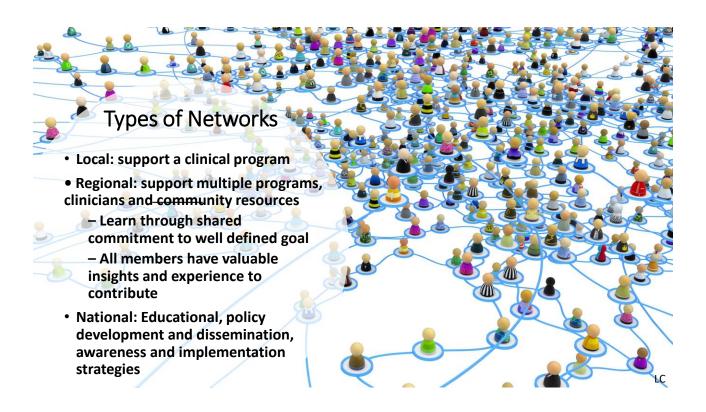
- Commitment to people in our communities
- Experience in designing solutions to problems
- Wear many hats
- Know resources: people, organizations, culture
- Others





Challenges of Creating a North Dakota Statewide Palliative Care Network

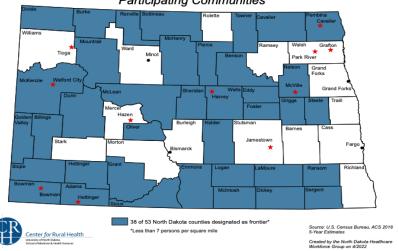
- Geographic distances and isolation
- Aging of population
- Economic and cultural disparities
- Cost of health care continues to grow





North Dakota's Rural Community-based Palliative Care Participating Communities (https://ruralhealth.und.edu/projects/community-palliative-care)

North Dakota Rural Community-Based Palliative Care Project Participating Communities





This model is committed to addressing the needs of the most vulnerable populations by equipping

rural community providers with the right knowledge, at the right place, at the right time to locally deliver high-quality care. Organizing Palliative Care for Rural Populations TeleECHO

Final Clinic

Growing and
Sustaining a Rural
Palliative Care
Network
July 26, 2022

https://ruralhealth.und.edu/projects/project-echo/topics/palliative-care

North Dakota Palliative Care Task Force

"committed to improving the quality of life of those facing serious health conditions by promoting patient-centered palliative care and improving access to services."

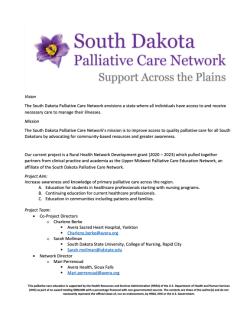


ND Palliative Care Task Force



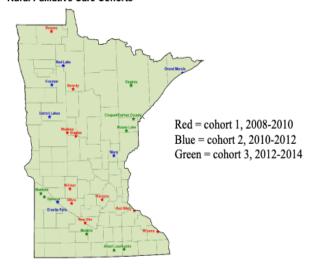
	Pallistive Care	Hospice
What is the focus of this type of care?	To maximize the patient's quality of life	Comfort care, rather than cure, assist with goals of care, plan for end of life cures
What services are provided?	Manage symptoms, discuss goals of care, pros and core of treatment options, provide units support and care coordination	Intensive comfort care that relieves pain and symptoms while allumding to an individual's physical personal, emotional, and spiritual needs
Who qualifies?	Anyone living with a chronic illness or classess; available for anyone at any steps of a serious liness.	Patients with a serious life-insisting or terminal literar; supports those with a life expectancy of months, not years
Million should no start services?	From the time of diagnosis through treatment and living with the librars.	When the patient chooses to stop or go without consides beatments, the focus changes from treating the disease to providing conflort and releving pain, symptoms, arrainly, and stress.
is a referrel required?	No. You can contact us at any time; full your healthcore provider you'd like to add pallietive care to your treatment plan.	Yes. A referrel is required, and hospice staff can assist with securing a referral from your physician
What are the treatment goals?	blodication education and syngitom management, nexigating through progression of the litheas, support and education for patient and family, advance care planning, and transitioning to hospice. If and when appropriate	Pain and symptom management is key. The patient is elevage at the opetier of care, with the goals of beiging him/her live confortably and with a sense of correctly, respect, and olgosty.
Does starting this care mean fire giving up hape?	No. You can continue to pursue the things for which you hope. This includes pursuing curative treatments for your thress alongaide polletino care.	No. What you hope for may change to focus on comfort, encolonal and spiritual peace, and living well at the end of life's journey
Mhere is care provided?	Harso, inpatient facilities, clinic, community, where available	Whenever the patient resides: home, assisted living facility, long-term care facility, hospital, or hospice house, where excellable.
Mili this type of care harden death?	No	No
Does this care mean the doctor has given up?	No. The medical team will continue trying to treat and cure the illness, and pallative care will keep you comfortable.	No. The medical learn will work logether and focus on the reversible causes of pain and symptoms. They are not giving up on you or your constant
Who page for services?	Impetient services are covered as part of the hospitalization, just as other specialists are covered by insurance. Cuspatient services are hybrisity billed and covered in a strater way to other cuspatient visits.	Medicane covers all or most of the services related to the hospice diagnosis. Medicaid and most major issurance companies also offer hospice coverage. No one will be turned down over for inability to pay
Whe is insolved?	The pullishes care learn may include a physician, advanced practice providers, social worker, nurses, and chapters. The team may conditional care with your primary case provider or specialists.	The patient and his her family work with a studiosopinary sears of experts that may include the Integle medical device, patient's primary physician, hospice runne, Integles CNA, Integles social worker, Integles shapkin, hospice volument and hospice became a specialist.
Who provides the care?	Momburs of the palliative care learn, as noted previously, provide both direct and indirect care.	The estine care team doctors, nurses, CNAs, social workers, thaplains, valueteers, beneavement specialists, and others as needed
MIII this service help my family?	Yes. They are part of the support system. Family members are encouraged to participate in patients care visits as appropriate	You. They are an integral part of the support team.

South
Dakota
Palliative
Care
Network



Stratis Health's Minnesota Rural Palliative Care Initiative

Figure 5. Communities Participating in Stratis Health Rural Palliative Care Cohorts



https://stratishealth.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/Stratis-Health-Palliative-Care-Impact-Report-2016.pdf



Minnesota Network of Hospice and Palliative Care

https://www.mnhpc.org/

- Minnesota's leading hospice and palliative care network
- -Brings providers, business partners, and individuals together to increase knowledge, access services
- -Strengthens advocacy for people living with a serious illness or experiencing the end of life.

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California Health Care Foundation

- Health Plans teamed with Palliative Care Provider Agencies
- Developed criteria for people appropriate for palliative care, processes for enrollment
- Incorporated data analytics from health plans
- Created capacity in clinical staff

https://www.chcf.org/topic/serious-illness-end-of-life-care/

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Palliative
Care
Network of
Wisconsin
PC Now

Supports the growth of palliative care services in Wisconsin through

- Education
- Systems Change
- Advocacy: health care policy, regulations and legislation



https://www.mypcnow.org/

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National
Hospice and
Palliative
Care
Organization

- Advancing healthcare with a model that works
- NHPCO enhances and expands access to care that addresses holistic health and the well-being of communities.



https://www.nhpco.org/



Hospice and Palliative Nurses Association

- Advance nursing expertise in hospice and palliative care through education, advocacy, leadership, and research.
- Support hospice and palliative research, education, and leadership development to advance expert nursing care.
- Advance expert care in serious illness through state-of-the-art certification of continuing competency in hospice and palliative care and research.

https://hpna.advancingexpertcare.org/

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Center to Advance Palliative Care

Provides essential tools, training, technical assistance, and connection for all clinicians caring for people with a serious illness



https://www.capc.org/

14

National Academy for State Health Policy

Provides guidance in developing a framework for how states, as agents of change, can foster access to quality palliative care services



https://www.nashp.org/palliative-care/

National POLST



- At the national level, it is simply called POLST:
 Portable Medical Orders, or POLST for short
- Honoring the wishes of those with serious illness and frailty.
- Organizes the effort to standardize the POLST process, form and education throughout the U.S., since POLST varies from state to state.

https://polst.org/

ARIADNE Serious Illness Program





- Redesigns care so that knowing and honoring patients' priorities becomes the norm, not the exception.
- System-level care delivery model created by a team of palliative care experts at Ariadne Labs.
- Goal is for every seriously ill patient to have more, better, and earlier conversations with their clinicians about their goals, values, and priorities that will inform their future care.



https://www.ariadnelabs.org/serious-illness-care/

Coalition to Transform Advanced Care

- Dedicated to improving the lives of underserved and under-resourced people impacted by serious illness.
- Work with regulators, legislators, advocates, and funders to craft policies that ensure more equitable, comprehensive, accessible care and support for patients, families and unpaid caregivers
- An unbiased source of expertise on serious illness and a respected convener of more than 190 organizations that share our vision of a healthcare system that serves patient needs and honors their dignity.



https://www.thectac.org/

Palliative Care Network

- MISSION
- Palliative Care Network's mission is to provide a digital platform aimed at promoting palliative care education and collaboration globally.
- VISION
- Palliative Care for Everyone, Everywhere.



https://palliativecarenetwork.com/

Final Thoughts



Sustainability for You

- Self Care is a key aspect for you and for your programs
- Consider the role of a network in supporting sustainability
- Build this in

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Networking Case Study

- Small home care organization in rural state
- · Motivated to begin palliative home care program
- Leadership and clinical role changes
- Being part of a network allowed staff new to the organization to access tools (ex: palliative care plan), receive mentoring and continue in role despite challenges

Back to Dave and Mary Johnson



- Dave and Mary have access to a palliative care program that delivers services through home care and their primary care clinic. Through these services, both participate in serious illness conversations. Their wishes are documented in their medical record and shared with their adult children.
- The palliative care program helps them access volunteer services to check on their well being weekly.
- Eventually, both are admitted to hospice.

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Conclusion

- Palliative care networking can offer significant benefits in rural communities.
- Palliative care networks span local, state, regional, national and international scope
- Strategies can be created to to meetthe challenges for North Dakota palliative care

Additional References/Resources

- Improving Access to Palliative Care in Rural Communities (CAPC)
- Rural Hospice and Palliative Care (RHIHub)
- <u>Creating a Rural Palliative Care Network Forging the Future of Palliative</u> Care (ppt Ceronsky, 2018)
- Palliative Care Network
- "Home on the Range: Plans and Providers Team Up to Bring Palliative Care to Rural Californians" 5.13.20. www.chcf.org. downloaded April 17, 2022